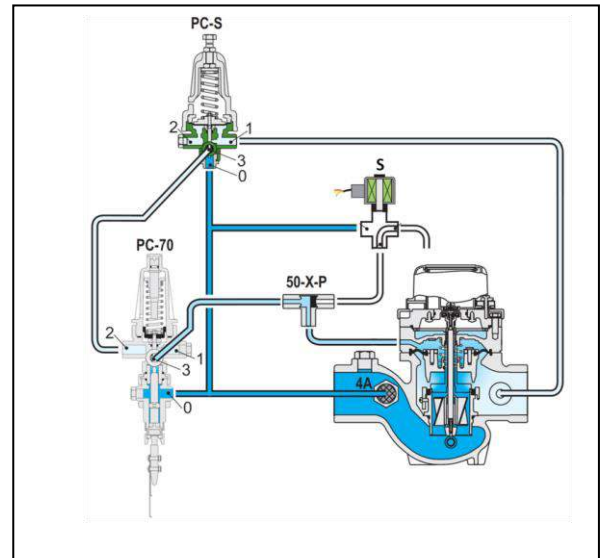


Flow Control & Pressure Reducing Hydrometer Magnetic Drive with Solenoid Control

(Sizes 1.5"- 4"; DN40-DN100)

Description:

The BERMAD Model IR-972-M0-55-KV integrates a vertical turbine Woltman-type water meter with a diaphragm actuated hydraulic control valve. Serving as Flow Meter and Main Valve, it controls irrigation together with the irrigation controller. The BERMAD Hydrometer limits demand and reduces downstream pressure to constant preset maximum values. It either opens or shuts in response to an electric signal.



Installation:

1. Ensure enough space around the valve assembly for future maintenance and adjustments.
2. Prior to valve installation, flush the pipeline to insure flow of clean fluid through the valve.
3. For future maintenance, install Isolation gate valves upstream and downstream from BERMAD control valve.
4. Install the valve in the pipeline with the valve flow direction arrow in the actual flow direction.
5. For best performance, it is recommended to install the valve horizontally and upright.
6. Cross-Check solenoid specifications with design requirements and solenoid/coil label.
7. Ensure approved cable protection. Confirm that the wires data meet solenoid specifications.
Note: Energizing the solenoid coil when it is not fixed in its place, is dangerous and might burn the coil.
8. After installation carefully inspect/correct any damaged accessories, piping, tubing, or fittings.
9. It is highly recommended to install a strainer BERMAD model 70F upstream from the pressure reducing hydrometer, to prevent debris from damaging valve operation.

Commissioning & Calibration:

1. Confirm that the In-line filter [4A] arrow direction is in the valve flow direction.
2. Allow the valve to start regulation by using the solenoid manual override or by: Operating the solenoid.
3. Open fully the upstream isolating valve and slowly open the downstream isolating valve, to fill-up, carefully, the consumers' line downstream from the Valve.
4. Vent air from the valve's control loop by loosening cover tube fitting at the highest point, allowing all air to bleed. Then Retighten the tube fitting.
5. The IR-972-M0-55-KV is factory set according to the design. The set pressure is marked on each of the pilot's label.
 - 5.1. The set flow on the Flow Control Pilot [FCP] (PC-SD) label.
 - 5.2. The set downstream pressure on the Pressure Reducing Pilot [PRP] (PC-S) label.
6. If the set flow and/or pressure are either different from the design or the requirements have been changed, change settings according to the following:
 - 6.1. Unlock the PRP locking nut and slowly turn the pilot adjusting screw Clock-Wise [CW] to increase set pressure and Counter -Clock-Wise [CCW] to decrease it. Allow the IR-972-M0-55-KV to react and the downstream pressure to stabilize, lock the PRP locking nut and open fully the downstream isolating valve.
 - 6.2. Confirm/create demand higher than the required new set point
 - 6.3. Unlock the FCP locking nut and slowly turn the pilot adjusting screw CW to increase set flow and CCW to decrease it. Allow the IR-972-M0-55-KV to react and the flow to stabilize, lock the FCP locking nut.
7. Check valve solenoid control feature by De-Energizing & Energizing the solenoid to close & open the valve.

Trouble-Shooting:

Symptoms	Cause	Remedy
Valve fails to open	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not sufficient inlet pressure. 2. Not sufficient flow. 3. Adjusting screws. 4. Solenoid functioning. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for sufficient inlet pressure- 2. Create demand/flow, confirm pilot setting- 3. Check that the Pilot adjusting screw is not loose. 4. Check solenoid power supply, coil & Manual Override Handle position.
Valve fails to close	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Control circuit is clogged. 2. Solenoid functioning. 3. Debris- 4. Diaphragm- 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for any debris trapped in the valve control circuit. 2. Check solenoid power supply, coil & Manual Override Handle position 3. Check for any debris trapped in the valve body. 4. Check diaphragm is not leaking-
Valve fails to regulate	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not sufficient inlet pressure 2. Not sufficient flow 3. Pilots setting- 4. Cock valve position (26). 5. Air trapped in the control chamber- 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for sufficient inlet pressure 2. Create demand/flow, confirm pilot setting 3. Check Pilot setting- 4. Check Cock valve [26] positioning on Auto. 5. Release air trapped in the control chamber by loosening cover tube fitting at the highest point.

Preventive maintenance:

1. System operating conditions that effect on the valve should be checked periodically to determent the required preventative maintenance schedule.
2. Maintenance instructions:
 - 2.1. Tools required:
 - 2.1.1. Metric and imperial wrenches
 - 2.1.2. Anti-seize grease
 - 2.1.3. Visual inspection to locate leaks and external damages
 - 2.2. Functional inspection including: closing, opening and regulation.
 - 2.3. Close upstream and downstream isolating valves (and external operating pressure when used)
 - 2.4. Once the valve is fully isolated vent pressure by loosening a plug or a fitting.
 - 2.5. Open the screw nuts and remove the cover unit from the valve body. Disassemble necessary control tubs.
 - 2.6. It is highly recommended to stock a reserve parts assembly for each size. This allows minimum system field work. And system down time.
 - 2.7. Disassemble the cover and examine the inside parts carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal conditions.
 - 2.8. Replace worn parts and all the Elastomers. Lubricate the bolts and screws threads with Anti seize grease.
 - 2.9. Winterizing /freezing prevention: drain the valve & the valve accessories (pilot, solenoid) on time.

Spare Parts

Bermad has a convenient and easy to use ordering guide for valve spare-parts and control system components. For solenoid valves refer to model and S/N on solenoid tags.